Excellency,

We have the honour to address you in our capacity as Special Rapporteur on the promotion and protection of the right to freedom of opinion and expression and Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights defenders pursuant to General Assembly resolution 60/251 and to Human Rights Council resolutions 16/4 and 16/5.

In this connection, we would like to draw the attention of your Excellency’s Government to information we have received regarding the attempted assassination of Mr. Ahmed Hashim, Head of the Documentation Department of the Yemeni Organisation for the Defence of Democratic Rights and Freedom (Hurryat).

According to the information received:

On 7 July 2011, Mr. Hashim was subjected to an assassination attempt as he was leaving his workplace in Sanaa. It is reported that he was intercepted by two masked men on a motorbike, one of whom allegedly produced a pistol and fired two shots in his direction. According to information received, both shots missed Mr. Hashim.

It is reported that as the perpetrators fled the scene, they crossed a Central Security check point however, allegedly no attempt was made by the Yemeni Security Forces to arrest them. It is further reported that Mr. Hashim did not file a complaint with the police as he feared that he might be arrested as a result, as has happened to other human right defenders over the past number of weeks following visits to police stations or the office of the public prosecutor.

On 6 July 2011, Mr. Hashim and other members of the aforementioned organisation reportedly met with representatives of the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) Assessment Mission regarding the
issue of alleged human rights violations committed by government forces in the context of the repression of protest demonstrations.

Since the protest movement began in Yemen in January 2011, the Yemeni Organisation for the Defence of Democratic Rights and Freedom has reportedly been monitoring, documenting and providing legal assistance to those subjected to alleged arbitrary arrest and torture as a result of their involvement in the movement.

Serious concern is expressed regarding the physical and psychological security and integrity of human rights defender Mr. Ahmed Hashim and other members of the Yemeni Organisation for the Defence of Democratic Rights and Freedom (Hurryat) following the attempted killing of Mr. Hashim. Further concern is expressed that this attempted attack on his life may be directly related to his peaceful work in defence of human rights including his cooperation with the UN in the field of human rights and in particular to the recent work of the Yemeni Organisation for the Defence of Democratic Rights and Freedom in relation to the monitoring of the human rights situation in Yemen since the protest movement commenced at the beginning of the year.

While we do not wish to prejudge the accuracy of these allegations, we wish to draw your Excellency’s attention to the right to physical and mental integrity of Mr. Hashim. This right is set forth in, *inter alia*,

Given our concern that the attempted attack on Mr. Hashim’s life is directly related to his work in documenting the human rights situation in Yemen, we would like to appeal to your Excellency's Government to take all necessary steps to secure the right to freedom of opinion and expression in accordance with fundamental principles as set forth in article 19 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, which provides that “Everyone shall have the right to freedom of expression; this right shall include freedom to seek, receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, regardless of frontiers, either orally, in writing or in print, in the form of art, or through any other media of his choice.”

We would also like to refer your Excellency's Government to the fundamental principles set forth in the Declaration on the Right and Responsibility of Individuals, Groups and Organs of Society to Promote and Protect Universally Recognized Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, and in particular articles 1 and 2 which state that "everyone has the right individually or in association with others, to promote and to strive for the protection and realization of human rights and fundamental freedoms at the national and international levels” and that “each State has a prime responsibility and duty to protect, promote and implement all human rights and fundamental freedoms, inter alia, by adopting such steps as may be necessary to create all conditions necessary in the social, economic, political and other fields, as well as the legal guarantees required to ensure that all persons under its jurisdiction, individually and in association with others, are able to enjoy all those rights and freedoms in practice."
Furthermore, we would like to bring to the attention of your Excellency’s Government the following provisions of the Declaration:

- article 6, points b) and c) which provide that everyone has the right, individually and in association with others as provided for in human rights and other applicable international instruments, freely to publish, impart or disseminate to others views, information and knowledge on all human rights and fundamental freedoms; and to study, discuss, form and hold opinions on the observance, both in law and in practice, of all human rights and fundamental freedoms and, through these and other appropriate means, to draw public attention to those matters.

- article 12, paras 2 and 3 of the Declaration which provide that the State shall take all necessary measures to ensure the protection by the competent authorities of everyone, individually and in association with others, against any violence, threats, retaliation, de facto or de jure adverse discrimination, pressure or any other arbitrary action as a consequence of his or her legitimate exercise of the rights referred to in the Declaration. In this connection, everyone is entitled, individually and in association with others, to be protected effectively under national law in reacting against or opposing, through peaceful means, activities and acts, including those by omission, attributable to States that result in violations of human rights and fundamental freedoms, as well as acts of violence perpetrated by groups or individuals that affect the enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms.

We wish to recall the provisions of resolution 12/2 of the Human Rights Council (A/HRC/RES/12/2), which, inter alia, “condemns all acts of intimidation on reprisal by Governments and non-State actors against individuals and groups who seek to cooperate or have cooperated with the United Nations, its representatives and mechanisms in the field of human rights (OP 2) and “calls upon all States to ensure adequate protection from intimidation or reprisals for individuals and groups who seek to cooperate or have cooperated with the United Nations, its representatives and mechanisms in the field of human rights (…)” (OP 3).

We urge your Excellency’s Government to take all necessary measures to guarantee that the rights and freedoms of Mr. Hashim are respected and, in the event that your investigations support or suggest the above allegations to be correct, the accountability of any person responsible of the alleged violations should be ensured. We also request that your Excellency’s Government adopt effective measures to prevent the recurrence of these acts.

In view of the urgency of the matter, we would appreciate a response on the initial steps taken by your Excellency’s Government to safeguard the rights of Mr. Hashim in compliance with the above international instruments.

Moreover, it is our responsibility under the mandates provided to us by the Human Rights Council, to seek to clarify all cases brought to our attention. Since we are expected to report on these cases to the Human Rights Council, we would be grateful for
your cooperation and your observations on the following matters, when relevant to the case under consideration:

1. Are the facts alleged in the above summary of the case accurate?

2. Has a complaint been lodged by or on behalf of the Mr. Hashim?

3. Please provide the details, and where available the results, of any investigation, and judicial or other inquiries carried out in relation to this case. If no inquiries have taken place, or if they have been inconclusive, please explain why.

4. Please provide the full details of any prosecutions which have been undertaken. Have penal, disciplinary or administrative sanctions been imposed on the alleged perpetrators?

We undertake to ensure that your Excellency’s Government’s response to each of these questions is accurately reflected in the report we will submit to the Human Rights Council for its consideration.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of our highest consideration.

Frank La Rue
Special Rapporteur on the promotion and protection of the right to freedom of opinion and expression

Margaret Sekaggya
Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights defenders