



**MISSION PERMANENTE  
DE LA REPUBLIQUE DU  
BELARUS AUPRES DE  
L'OFFICE DES NATIONS UNIES  
ET DES AUTRES  
ORGANISATIONS  
INTERNATIONALES A GENEVE**

N<sup>o</sup> 02-12/720

The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Belarus to the United Nations Office and other International Organisations in Geneva presents its compliments to the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and, with reference to the joint communication of the HRC's special procedures (AL BLR 6/2025), has the honour to transmit herewith the information of the Belarusian competent authorities in this regard.

The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Belarus avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights the assurances of its highest consideration.

Encl.: 2 pages in Russian.

Geneva, 27 October 2025



**OFFICE OF THE UNITED NATIONS  
HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR HUMAN RIGHTS  
SPECIAL PROCEDURES BRANCH  
GENEVA**

018236

*Translated from Russian*

## **Information in reply to the enquiry of the special procedures of the Human Rights Council**

*Ref.: AL BLR 6/2025*

██████████, a Guinean national born on ██████████ 2002 and a native of Guinea, arrived in Belarus on 14 March 2024 at the invitation of the Belarusian National Technical University to pursue an education.

However, ██████████  
██████████ Given that there were no grounds for Ms. Soumah to remain in the country, she was ordered to leave Belarus. She was issued an exit visa, valid from 20 September to 4 October 2024.

However, as ██████████ did not leave the country, administrative charges were laid against her on several occasions for violating migration laws, in accordance with article 50 of Act No. 105-Z of 4 January 2010 on the Legal Status of Foreign Citizens and Stateless Persons in the Republic of Belarus.

██████████ was admitted to the National Mother and Child Centre for Applied Research to receive obstetric care, where she gave birth to a baby girl on ██████████  
██████████ On the same day, the infant was transferred to the anaesthesiology and intensive care unit for newborns at the Centre for health reasons.

The birth was recorded in the civil registry of Belarus and, on ██████████, a birth certificate was issued for ██████████, a citizen of Guinea. Registration of the name of the father was carried out on the basis of a statement by the mother, who is not married.

On 13 February 2025, ██████████ was again held administratively liable for non-compliance with the law and failure to depart from the country as required. An administrative penalty was imposed on her in the form of deportation from Belarus, to be carried out voluntarily, along with a ban on entering the country for a period of three years.

As ██████████ did not leave Belarus of her own accord and was neither employed nor in education, a decision was issued on 8 July 2025 refusing voluntary departure. ██████████  
██████████ was detained and placed in a temporary holding facility of the Central Internal Affairs Department of the Minsk City Executive Committee to enforce the order on her involuntary expulsion from Belarus.

From that moment on, ██████████ received legal assistance from a lawyer at the ██████████ law office in Minsk, as set out in the legal assistance agreement concluded on 9 July 2025.

During the period of detention in the temporary holding facility, she did not file any applications for refugee status, subsidiary protection or asylum or bring any appeals against the expulsion decision.

██████████ remained at the National Mother and Child Centre from ██████████ to ██████████ 2024 and ██████████ from ██████████ 2024 to ██████████ 2025. On ██████████ 2025, a decision was made to send ██████████ to Children's Home No. 1 in Minsk, where the child was admitted on ██████████ and remains there to this day as a child of tender years left without parental care.

In the light of the decision to deport ██████████, two requests were sent through diplomatic channels in June 2025 to the Embassy of the Republic of Guinea in the Russian Federation to prepare a document for the return of the newborn ██████████ to her country of citizenship.

On 1 August 2025, ██████████ relatives provided a ticket for flight ██████████ from Minsk to Istanbul on ██████████ and an e-ticket for flights ██████████ from Istanbul to Casablanca on ██████████ and AT-527 from Casablanca to Conakry on ██████████. The deportation order was enforced on ██████████.

To date, the document required for the return of ██████████, without which the child cannot cross State borders, has not been received from the Guinean side.

No application to terminate ██████████ parental rights was filed in court in connection with her difficult life situation.

Measures continue to be taken to reunite the mother with her child. A response from the Guinean authorities to the relevant communications through diplomatic channels is expected.

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