



*Mission Permanente
de la République Islamique d'Iran
auprès des Nations Unies
et des autres Organisations Internationales à Genève*

In the Name of God, the Compassionate, the Merciful

Ref. 2050/2280734

The Permanent Mission of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the United Nations Office and other International Organizations in Geneva presents its compliments to the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and with reference to the AL IRN 16/2024 dated 30 September 2024 enclosed with the Joint Communication from Special Procedures, has the honor to transmit herewith, comments from the High Council for Human Rights of the Islamic Republic of Iran to this regard.

The Permanent Mission of the Islamic Republic of Iran avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights the assurances of its highest consideration.

Geneva, 15 November 2024



Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights
Palais des Nations
CH-1211 Geneva 10



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In the Name of God

In response to the joint correspondence of September 30, 2024, by some of the Human Rights Council's mandate holders (AL IRN 16/2024) regarding the allegations made about Ms. Zahra Dadres, Fatemeh Dadres, and Jelveh Javaherian, it should be announced:

- Ms. Zahra Dadres has been sentenced to 3 years and 6 months in prison for being a member of an illegal group with the aim of disrupting the security of the country and the assembly and collusion to commit crimes against the country's internal security. Ms. Fatemeh Dadres has been sentenced to 6 years in prison on the charge of forming an illegal group with the aim of disrupting the security of the country as well as assembly and collusion to commit crimes against the internal security of the country. Ms. Jelveh Javaheri has been sentenced to 1 year in prison for propaganda activities against the Islamic Republic of Iran. The issued sentence has been examined and confirmed in the provincial appeals court after the appeal of these persons, and the mentioned persons are currently serving their prison terms in prison.
- The claim of torture and harassment of these people is not true and cannot be confirmed. According to Article 38 of the Constitution, "Any form of torture to obtain a confession or obtain information is prohibited. Forcing an individual to testify, confess, or swear is not allowed, and such testimony, confession, and oath lacks value and credibility. The violator of this principle will be punished according to the law". Also, according to articles 570, 578, 579 and 587 of the Islamic Republic of Iran's Penal Code and the paragraphs of the single article of the Law on Respecting Legitimate Freedoms and Protecting Citizen Rights, the perpetrators and agents of other kinds of misbehavior will be subject to heavy punishment. In addition, in order to monitor the implementation of this law, according to paragraph 15 of the executive directive, the Central Supervisory Board in cooperation with the Provincial Supervisory Boards carry out the necessary supervision and inspections and take the necessary legal action against any violation or crime



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in this regard. In addition, any possible confession or information taken from the accused due to torture and mistreatment is invalid.

- The claim of keeping these people in solitary confinement is not true. The families of these individuals have been informed and they are aware of the process of arresting these people. However, according to Article 242 of the Criminal Procedure Law, according to the type of crime committed, they were detained in a solitary suite for less than 1 month. It should be explained that in general, in very limited cases, according to the law, a solitary suite with an area of 12 square meters equipped with necessary stuff of living is used and these suites have access to a doctor and medical facilities and are of higher quality than many other countries'. Also, the length of time a prisoner stays in these suite is one of the shortest in comparison with other countries.
- It is worth mentioning that during the preliminary investigation and handling of the mentioned case, a complaint has been filed by Ms. Zahra Dadars against the officers of the court for deprivation of personal freedom, and it is being investigated in one of the investigation branches of the General and Revolutionary Prosecutor's Office of Rasht city. In case any violation is proved to be committed by any of the officers alleged by Ms. Dadres, the guilty person will be dealt with seriously in accordance with the Islamic Penal Code and related disciplinary regulations.



