



**PERMANENT MISSION OF THE REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA
TO THE UNITED NATIONS OFFICE IN GENEVA**

No. 494/ R-ONU- 648

The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Moldova to the United Nations Office and other International Organizations in Geneva presents its compliments to the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights, Special Procedure Branch, and additionally to the Verbal Note no. 494/ R-ONU-548 dated 18 August 2014, has the honour to transmit herewith supplementary information with regard to the Joint Urgent Appeal no. *UA G/SO/218/2 G/SO 214 (67-17) Assembly and Association (2010-1) G/SO 214 (107-9) MDA 1/2014* dated 18 June 2014, of the Chairperson-Rapporteur of the Working Group on Arbitrary Detention; Special Rapporteur on the promotion and protection of the right to freedom of opinion and expression; Special Rapporteur on the rights to freedom of peaceful assembly and association; and Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights defenders.

The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Moldova to the United Nations Office and other International Organizations in Geneva avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights, Special Procedure Branch, the assurances of its highest consideration. *v.m.*



Geneva, 16 September 2014

Encl.: 1 page

OHCHR REGISTRY

22 SEP 2014

Recipients: *SPB*
S.L. (EAL)

**OFFICE OF THE UNITED NATIONS HIGH
COMMISSIONER FOR HUMAN RIGHTS
SPECIAL PROCEDURES BRANCH**

Geneva

Courtesy translation

The Bureau for Reintegration sent a letter to the political representative in the negotiation process from Tiraspol, Nina Stanski, with the request to ensure the fundamental freedoms and rights of Mr Rezanov and to inform about the conditions of detentions.

Accordingly, the administration from Tiraspol rejected the facts described by the mandate holders and informed regarding the details of the case from their perspective. In May 2010 the Bender Court opened a criminal case against Mr Rezanov, finally being convicted to 15 years' imprisonment. On his appeal from July 2010 the "*judicial authorities*" from the region issued the same verdict.

On 20 March 2013 Mr Rezanov was pardoned, his punishment being limited with three-quarters. Furthermore, in January 2014 the Grigoriopol Court decided to change the sentence to 2 years of correctional labor with the deduction of 20 % from his salary on the benefit of the budget from the region. Apparently, on 18 February 2014 the decision regarding Mr Rezanov was changed due to the existing procedural errors, sentenced to 1 year, 5 month and 5 days in a penal colony.

According to the comments of the administration from Tiraspol, the detention conditions were in line with sanitary norms. Additionally, there were no complains registered referring to his health situation.